

EVALUATION PARAMETERS

	Very Good	Good	Average	Bad
1. Clarity of Thought			✓	
2. Content Relevance			✓	
3. Context			✓	
4. Conceptual clarity		✓		
5. Dimensionality & Interdisciplinary Linkages			✓	
6. Examples & Illustrations			✓	
7. Language Competence		✓		
8. Presentation			✓	
9. Structure			✓	
10. Objectivity			✓	

Overall Observation by an examiner on candidate answers.

1. Dear

2. You should pay attention to the demand of question & try to address its demand with relevant content (Q. 1a-3b)

3. → Should work on improving ethical concepts, ethical theories of well-known philosophers and needs broader understanding

4. → Case studies must be examined from the perspective of bureaucrat / representative of govt. working for the welfare of poor.

5. ↓
6. So need more understanding about departmental procedures, existing laws & procedure followed in dealing such cases. Please work on it.

7. → All the best. Have good potentials. Can improve

SECTION-A

1. (a) Discuss how moral and ethical values strengthen three determinants of global peace i.e. shared prosperity, world public opinion and international cooperation over conflict.

(10 Marks, 150 Words)

global peace mainly determined by the values mentioned above. without mutual respect for territory.

Each others sovereignty, binding by the international

Laws like human rights declaration and all the values mentioned above, global peace will only remain the on all our objectives of international law but never come in reality.

shared prosperity is equitable distribution of resources, prospering towards the better development but it should include all without developed vs developing nations biases. moral and ethical values like honesty, commitment, courage will help the nations to prosper without conflict.

World public opinion is taking consideration the inputs from the people for whom the law and developmental policy is intended to do.

e.g. suppose WHO is making some policy on particular disease say, tuberculosis, then that policy must include inputs from healthcare workers from all different region of world, then that program will be fruitful.

International cooperation is needed because no nation is self sufficient, for fulfilling its all needs, every nation even the most powerful one requires co-operation.

e.g. (US required an antimalarial drug that was not effective in covid-19 pandemic and india)

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Need to reiterate what are those

(And this type of writing)

?

You did not understand the question

How can

Global peace

be maintained without mutual respect to

others' ~~sovereignty~~ Sovereignty

Wrong notion

Introduction

is erroneous & unclear

Focus in writing

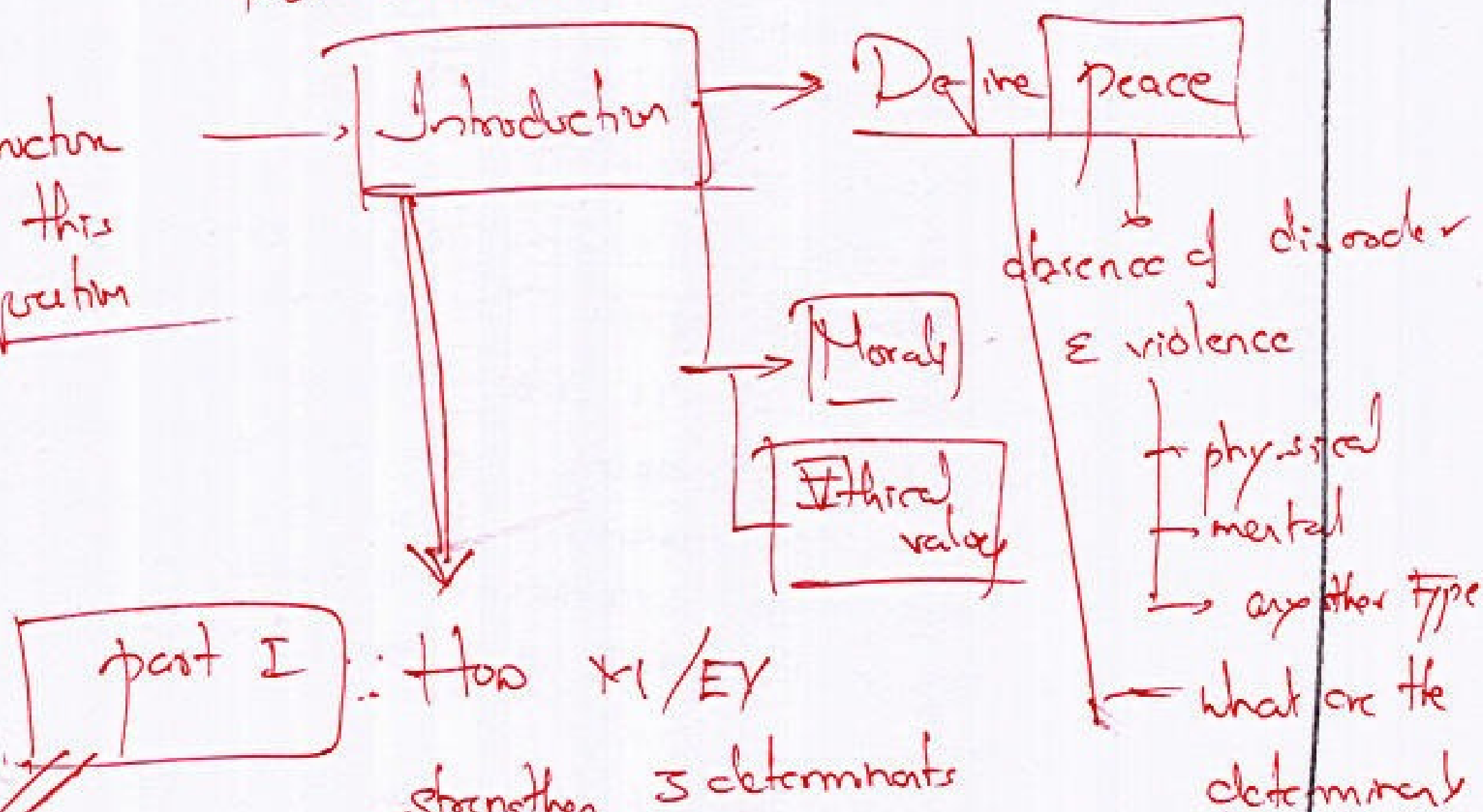
supplied that drug.
 11) vaccine assistance and delivery of covid-19 vaccine to countries like Nepal, Myanmar, Bhutan

(Without the ~~very~~ moral and ethical values like honesty, integrity, truthfulness, courage, commitment 'global peace' is ~~not~~ will not have use and will ultimately lead to conflicts.

Your understanding & explanation about → Defining the components of question

Not the demand

Answer structure for this question



part I :: How XI/EV

strengthen 3 determinants of world peace?

Ia

How are they needed for world peace

Ib

How morale

Shared prosperity

World public opinion

International Cooperation

for each ↑

EV strengthen - these 3 determinants? → Case study/Example

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(30%)

(70%)

weightage

1. (b) Define 'human values'. Why Gandhi proclaimed truth as a human value? (10 Marks, 150 Words)

Ideals possessed by human is called as Human value, like other human values truth is paramount human value.

Poor definition

Need Example

As we all know Gandhi's ideal were Satya & Ahimsa [truth & non-violence], Gandhian philosophy mainly particularly if we say about truth & non-violence is inspired by philosophy of Jainism. Truth is one of the five pillars of Jainism.

Why not Buddhism?

They are preferred every principle adopted/revised

Gandhi stressed so much on the ideals like truth the reason being every human being by nature possesses the value of truth and Gandhi used the value of 'truth' mainly against the imperial rule. According to him "you must fight the injustice but with truth and non-violence."

by society for our conduct with an ideal human nature Love, Care

If the ideal or value like truth doesn't exist at all, the human society would not have propagated as for it will ultimately lead to chaos. The truth is important at all level, e.g. in the nation state, if truth

Compassion, discipline etc

(doesn't exist at all, it will lead to corruption, injustice, intolerance and will ultimately lead to chaos.

What is Gandhi's concept of truth?

So, truth is ultimately of paramount importance, and without required for broader human development and propagation of human race.

how is it practised? Satyagrah.

As human alone can discover falsehood

Not required here

Improve Vocabulary & Grammar

Sentence formation

Truth - gives happiness & final salvation

It is a human value because importance

2. (b) What is the contemporary relevance of emotional intelligence? How can we realize good governance through EI? (10 Marks, 150 Words)

In the Age of Artificial intelligence, Emotional intelligence is still important and it is not wrong to say that, it is of utmost importance.

J- You're not defined
EI?

The contemporary relevance of emotional intelligence is in all sectors right from the institutions like various international organisations to local level government. Without governance of any institution will be exclusive, apathetic, not fulfilling the and broadly not for human welfare.
A Emotional intelligence (EI)

(no example
no clarity)

So answer could be obsolete (ambiguous)

and broadly not

Importance of Emotional intelligence (EI)

ce.) administrator sympathetic towards

• Write in point
formate

a) it makes the administrator sympathetic towards the problems of marginalised people.

a) it makes the administrative problems of marginalised people.
the administrator go beyond rules is for

b) it can make, the administration go for or duty hours provided that the work is for broader human development. (welfare) ??-
is better empathetic.

difference?

broader human esthetic.

c) it makes administration of emotional intelligence, is of cut highest

a) emotional intelligence or say
importance above mental intelligence
[EI] or and above artificial intelligence
because without it the others have no

Pull by EI/GG

EI

407-

Conclusions
10 %

marked [FE] or and above
because without it the others have no
value. → (II) Relation b/w EI/AG

Relation b/w EI/AG

Q. How can we realise
G.A. with
ET

[illegible]

Example - 2 dist in

1) district administrator of Solapur, few years ago, asked the cardiologist to treat the child for new congenital cardiac anomaly and he made sure that the cardiologist should be get paid for his work operation by making the proposal through government health scheme.

acceptable
to a certain
extent

From above example, the emotional intelligence and its importance is can be seen

To conclude, we can say that emotional intelligence among the administrator definitely bring out the good governance, by making the administrator sympathetic & empathetic.

→ Not defined meaning

→ Contemporary relevance — Not comprehensive & convincing

Need more broad based

→ Coherence of points & approach
interconnectedness / relation to the demand of
maturity question → maturity

→ Please work on Need to focus
your content / conceptual understanding

1/2

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3. (a) Scourge of terrorism is caused by breeding intolerance and vulgar support of few nation states to it for achieving their self-interests. How the recent 8-point plan of India for terrorism can help us in this regard? (10 Marks, 150 Words)

Terrorism is the tool for causing violence disturbance of peace through misreading the ideas of religion.

The proponents of terrorism, spread it

through.

a) by intolerance towards other nations, religion, castes, races.

b) spreading the values of religion in wrong way e.g. idea of Jihad.

c) support from nation state for spreading violence, disturbance of peace in neighbourhood state.

d) unemployment among youth is also the reason the proponents use this to exploit the jobless youths.

Support (Terror economy) the terrorists us give money, other assistance to youths unsatisfied youths to exploit them through terrorism.

example India's 8-point plan to combat terrorism

1) delink the economic flow → By if claim + terrorist financing is stopped, ultimate resources for terrorist groups will hamper.

2) co-operation from international organizations and bringing the states that stop finance terrorism in a court of international organization.

Definition addressed

Can be classified under

Breeding intolerance

(fact)

Ind

Body

I/II

2 1/2

III

8 point

Political will Augmenting

2) Ending state

(good vs bad terrorism)

Use suitable Sub-heading

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e.g. FAFF included Pakistan in grey-list.

3) — Discourse
— exclamation
— think etc

3) strengthening the security forces — surveillance, hot inputs from the intelligence agency like RAW, modern warfare materials.

e.g. india domestically and with the help of int other nation state like Russia France doing well for combat terrorism & intrusion.

(i) Rafael procurement from France.

(ii) S-400 missile system procurement from Russia.

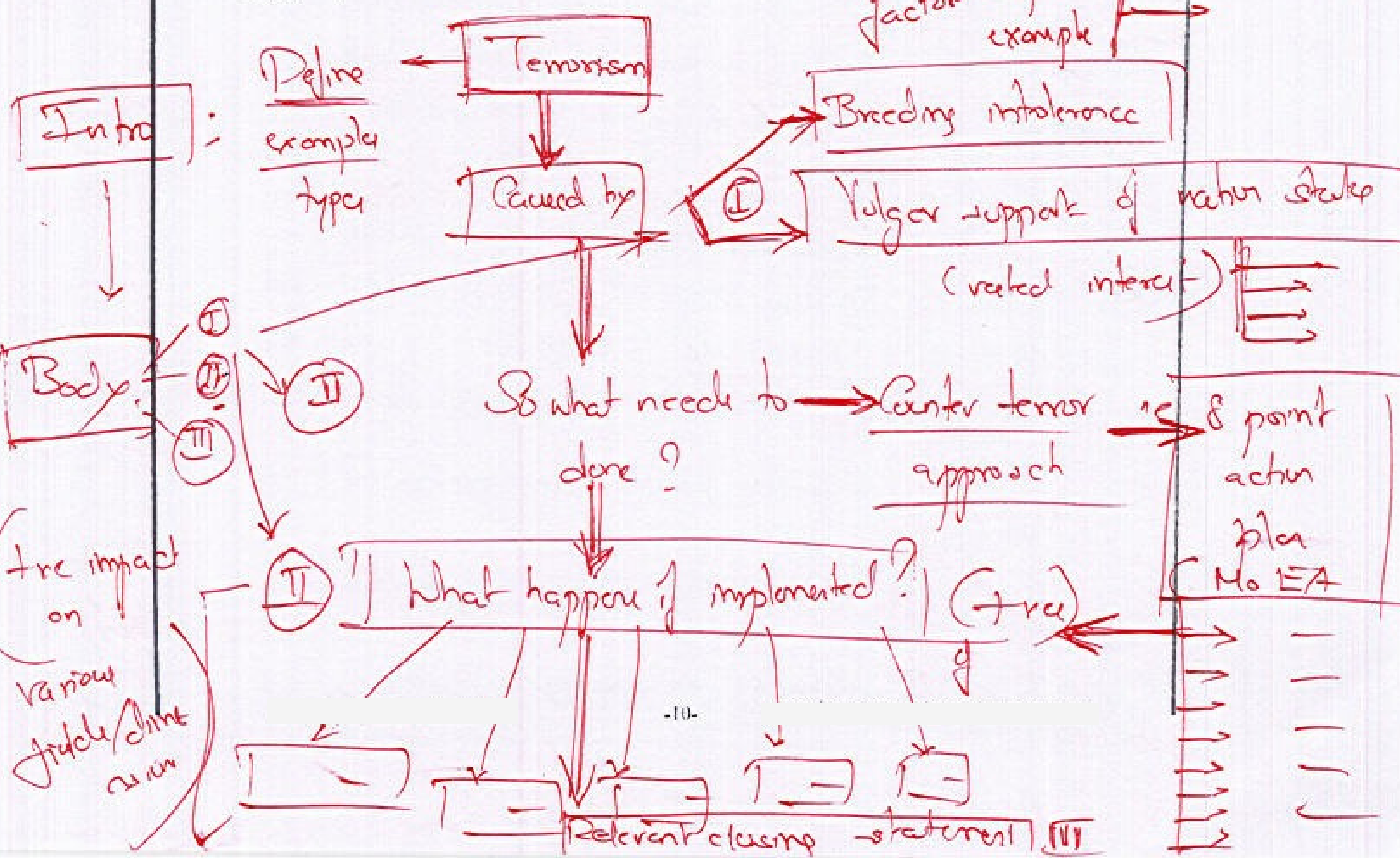
4) improving the connectivity in border areas.

5) providing development, employment in regions which are prone to terrorism.

India's 8-point plan can has potential to stop the terrorism and it's all forms.

Your answer don't correspond to the 8 point plan thoroughly!

Way forward?



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SECTION-B

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7. You are the newly appointed Sub-Collector of a division in Kota District. In the Ladpura tehsil of the district under your supervisory jurisdiction, a series of child deaths occurred at District Government Hospital, making national headlines. Around 223 infants died in a span of 10 days here. The parents of the victims lamented the negligence of doctors and paramedical staff as cause behind the treatment failure. The anguishing parents claim that the nurses put the drip but forgot to take it out. Often there were blood in the drip. The doctors only attended to infants when they are breathless and about to die, but it becomes too late by then.

acts of the case

The hospital is filthy and unhygienic, with even pigs straying into the premises sometimes. The paramedical staff are mostly into mobile phones. However, it is also understood by you that government hospital is poorly equipped and understaffed. The doctor heading pediatrics department regretted to you that staff cannot be blamed overall. The hospital is ill-equipped and understaffed, it has to serve three times of its capacity, this causes even shortage of oxygen cylinders very often.

General

Sub collector

Observation

The doctor reveals that, "as the biggest hospital in the region, this is a tertiary care medical facility. The children are mostly referred to us by private hospitals in the nearby districts and many of them come when they are at the terminal stage of their illness. Primary care is at worst condition and fails to nip the disease at the bud. By the time they get here, they are in a serious condition. We get only 24-48 hours to save them. Often we are helpless." He points out that about 60% of the children dying during treatment are male, as boys are more susceptible to septicemia and other infections.

Filthy

unhygienic hospital

Prisage

staff on mobile phones understaffed

What are the ethical issues in this case? In a span of one month, what are the top five initiatives you will take to fix the problem to a good extent. Generally, allocations made by central and state government for healthcare is very low, what are the options before you in this regard?

Analyze the facts of the case

Any correlation to the latest events?

partly equipped (20 Marks, 250 Words)

The values that are being involved and being compromised in the case are honesty, integrity, ethics at workplace, leadership for the part of doctor.

Parental version

- ver

problem

Child death

223 death (10 days)

The healthcare system at India starts from primary health centres and to and ends superspeciality hospitals at generally at the level of place of capital of state or country.

Angry

parents on

Hospital staff

Nurse

negligence cost

Doctors late attendance by

primary health care system

secondary health care system.

tertiary health care system.

Not a case question - only talk about the case

Ethical issues in the case

Top 5 initiatives to fix the problem.

premise - low allocations by Central/State Govt

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Hospitals at state level.

Main problems at this case -:

- 1) Loss of lives in short span of time
- 2) Unhygienic condition at hospital.
- 3) primary healthcare centres not performing upto its level.
- 4) Negligence of doctors and paramedics.
- 5) poor allocation of funds from authority.
- 6) Hospital is understaff and ill-equipped.

The course of action as a sub-collector I will take in this issue. →

- 1) urgent visit to the hospital and carefully observing for the lacunas.
- 2) The complaint about doctors and paramedical staff needs to give important attention and if any one found guilty, stricter possible.

- 3) The maintenance of hygiene and good treatment is the responsibility of the hospital administration. for this purpose, medical superintendent is the most responsible. disciplinary action against medical superintendent.

- 4) The loss of lives is grave mistake if found guilty, the paramedical staff and doctors, will have to go for disciplinary action.

Doctor's version
→ Telangana
care facility
(Bogus Hospital)

referred by
pub hospital

→ poor
primary health
center
failure to
mitigate
at the
earliest

→ Only brought
to hospital
at last
(24-48 hrs
to react)

→ 60% male
boys - patients

Sophisticated
other infection

(checked facts)

case
but Ethical

never
are missing

→ Stakeholders
involved

not
mentioned

→ Sub collector

→ children
- parents

→ Hospital
staff

→ Pediatric
head.

→ Govt

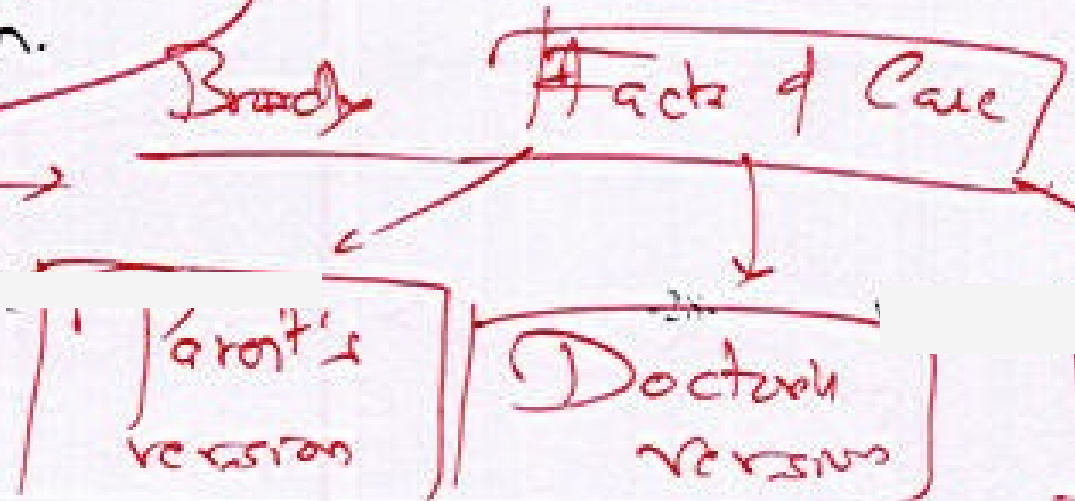
→ responsibility

You are
more

interested in
punishing?

What
are
the ethical
issues

→ Cause of action



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1) doctors are saying that the hospital is ill-equipped and understaff. making creating arrangements for job opportunity is the work of senior level officials informing them about current scenario at hospital.

2) visits to all primary centres OR video conferencing with medical officers there for checking whether they are performing at par or below par.

3) detail reporting of all the issues and informing the report at subsequent level.

FIVE INITIATIVES I WILL TAKE AS SVB-COLLECTOR

1] regular video conferencing with medical officers of primary health care system and Taluka health officer for monitoring their work.

2] Attendance of doctors and paramedical through geo-tagged photos through whatsapp on daily basis.

3] Ensuring that basic hygieners like hand washing, Regular bathing must need given importance and awareness about it.

4] vaccination programme success monitoring as infectious diseases like malaria, TB, Polio needs vaccination.

Plan hygiene

Hospital responsibility etc

When you pay the buck on others = what's your role or level.

9. Sub collector

Yes the problem is there.

Planning others & pushing them without assessing the overall situation

following a departmental procedure

lack of understanding of your role position & responsibility

Action taken

Points should be following pattern

Primary importance

Children's health.

Requesting emergency for more doctors

neighbouring district & nearby medical colleges (PG students) permission

Immediate necessary info medicines - IV fluids etc

You need to work on your priorities

only punishment

not attending to the urgent

need

5) communication with corporators, local authority members for pro and asking them to work co-operatively for improving the healthcare along with healthcare officials and corporators.

lacked IQ

c) clean water to all households.

EQ

Bad Bureaucracy (interference) (Work on it)

→ Jaeger observation → ok

→ options available → not given

→ Action taken → not coherent & prudent

Life of children - very important (Doctors - staff - additional temporary)

Making available of necessary (basic infra) (- Ventilators, oxygen cylinders)

Changing the work culture - ethical leadership & inculcating spirit of Service -

Appointment of Investigation Committee

Action against people responsible for death

Medical staff

or others

Penalizing

Regular monitoring

Auditing

Long term

Letter to Govt of State - to accept (responsibility) - more skilled people participation.

Age fund come across
Ex. Paper child death case

For Finance
Crisis Funding
Smits
Sahrawat (IAS)
ex

CSR Funding
Asset Management
Voluntary services
Mid term

Demand to Central State →

8. The Coastal Regulation Zone (CRZ) Rules are meant to protect the fragile coastal ecology from anthropogenic stress. In the State of Kerala, the CRZ rules violation were subjected to judicial scrutiny. It was found that in a particular case, four skyscrapers were built on coast where even a hut is not supposed to be built. The court ordered its demolition with immediate effect.

The court has ordered the government to find similar such violations in the state. It was found that around 26,000 built-ups were made in violation of the rules. Now there is a fear among the enterprises who invested in such properties that they may be pulled down under a court order.

In this context, a recent study has revealed not just rich encroachers, even poor settlers in the coasts are in list of violators. These are nothing but traditional coastal communities who lived close to the coastline for generations. While 26,000 grand buildings were constructed by the money powered ones, the construction of new homes by the traditional communities is not allowed by authorities. The denial to approve their house plans is on the ground that no such construction is permitted by CRZ rules.

There is lobby of capitalists to prevent any demolition of buildings. The industrialists cite this as a threat to attractiveness of the State for investors. On other hand, NGOs and social activists claim that the business settlements should be strictly cleared and the traditional communities should be declared as "ecological people". Since they are traditional dwellers and in organic relation with their environment and derive livelihood from it, they should be allowed to settle, is their claim. So changes in rules are demanded by both the rich and poor class.

Answer the following:

1. Identify the ethical issues in the above case.
2. Critically discuss the factors responsible for differential treatment of rich and poor when it comes to ecological conservation. Is it right to argue that investor-friendliness should be reconciled with ecological interests?

The ethical issues involved in the case are -:

- 1) objectivity.
- 2) integrity.
- 3) Rich vs poor dividend.
- 4) Environment vs development debate.

The CRZ rules are mainly developed to protect the sensitive coastal ecology, as India has vast coastal area, the maritime coastal area of India is around 7000 sq. km. and the CRZ rules are also applied to riverine, lakeside coastal areas.

problems

(a, b, c, d)

9

that their rights should not be

5/2

Estuaries
Deltaic
region you mean?

facted
are
numbers
2, 2, 3, 4
or

Not comprehensive
Complete
↓
Scheme general
ambiguous
↓
Must be specific

Don't write anything beyond this margin

poor accountability status

Don't write anything beyond this margin

Good co-relation to the contemporary developments

The issues discussed here is of Kerala and local authority gave permission to construct four residential buildings, very near to Riverine coastal areas clearly violating the CRZ rules. (the Hon'ble SC of India ordered to demolish the same.)

Threat to river

5) Short term material damage

long term Ecological damage

6) Role of law dictated by rule of rich

7) Poor discriminated with laws.

clearly, the case indicates Rich vs poor dividend in our country, the construction of skyscraper and similar 26,000 such constructions are permitted but building new home for the coastal communities, who are living there for generations, denied this clearly shows. inequality, injustice, differential treatment for rich poor, violation of constitutional principles.

Ethical issues

Sustainable Ecology / Environment

vs

Commercial greed

Factors responsible for differential treatment of Rich and poor when it comes to Environmental conservation

8) lack of political social Economic Justice

→ a) this biases just not happen in Rich vs poor people, it happens in Rich states vs poor states also

e.g. developed nations vs developing nations

(inequity of fund distribution, USA withdrawing from Paris agreement), because of power

Bias at International level

b) in international community

b) Bribery - Bribe to officials for obtaining permit by rich.

local issues / problem

(lack of mechanism)

then can proceed for international problem

Next just highlight all local issues

- c) Lack of ethical morals, objectivity in the officials.
- d) Lack of proper punishment for authority who gives permission to such illegal construction.
e.g. AS 2nd ARC (Administrative Reform Commission) says, the conviction rate is very low, and it even if the official held guilty, lack of stricter punishment.

e) suggestions:-

- a) if there is consensus about the both the parties like NGO's and industrial class about CRZ rules, then committee must get appointed for addressing this problem.

b) the illegal constructions of rich sections must be ~~be~~

- b) demolishing such 26,000 constructions will be very chaotic for the government and will lead to mass migration, rehabilitation & problems of the same.

- c) stringent punishment for corrupt officials and owner of such scab-scapers.

- d) the coastal community must be took into craft with empathy as they lived here for centuries, without damaging the balances.

e.g. the wrongs deeds of government towards.

Unaware of the internal procedure / punishment of organization...
If found guilty (that is what you said)
Severe departmental punitive measure will follow like

in what? (Contravention of duty or Criminal case / or any other case?)

Must be clear

So you can come - date wrong doing?

Larger section of business / rich class people will be affected so

let the common - man suffer?

Not convincing.

Withholding of moment to discharge from service.

Don't write anything beyond this margin

Don't write anything beyond this margin

tribals was corrected by Forest Rights Act, 2006

if we can do such act for coastal communities. that can be useful.

e) proper scrutiny for further construction works not only coastal but overall construction work and check that it follows all the norms prescribe by government.

e.g. Extended +

e.g.

f) Balancing both development and environmental conservation.

Conclusion is missing

Growth should be sustainable, EODB

→ thruster - no cause

→ Environmental sanctity should be maintained

within sustainable limits

→ Mid path

→ Reconciliation

but a layered approach needed

Existing rules

(no compromise)

Type A

Area beyond 500m from sea

Type B

Already populated area

Type C

area No development - 20 m

(There should be area of no investment from coast)

Traditional title rights

↳ - OTFD
↳ FDS

Can be applicable only in case of Mangrove forest dwellers - Rarely we see such activity in Mangroves.

(protected area) under MFR

Ranar Convention CRZ etc

→ Allowing traditional dwellers to continue

Traditional Communities
Many increased over

Will not come under FIRA 2006?

(Avoid factual errors)

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9. The drought-stricken Beed district in Maharashtra's Marathwada region came under the scanner after reports came to light about the unusually high rate of hysterectomies among its women, especially among those who migrate to neighbouring districts to work as sugar-cane cutters. They have their own farmlands back home, but drought forced them to move to water rich neighboring villages as labourers.

State figures say that in three years (2016-2019), as many as 4,605 women have had their uterus removed in Maharashtra. Civil rights organisations allege that the hysterectomy rate in Beed is 14 times more than that for the State or the country.

The pattern of the phenomenon is - the Mukkadam hires the poverty stricken couple for cane cutting. He pays advances to the family, but huge poverty suddenly exhausts the advance taken. After every deepavali the couple has to move to adjacent district for cane cutting. Women labourers face severe health issues during menstruation and pregnancy. They have to work for around 14 hours in peak times and their productivity is affected. Cutting less canes or taking leave leads to heavy fine from mukkadam.

Sadly, those labour couples who back-off from the contract are even beaten and tortured. To avoid any irregularity in their jobs, women ponder to take treatment for their issues. A solution more often than not suggested by doctors is hypersectomy (uterus removal surgery). This has happened even with women of 20 years age.

The rise in hypersectomies led to appointment of an investigation team by government which suspected nexus between contractors and doctors. Might be, the contractors would bribe doctors to encourage labourers to undergo hypersectomy so that their business flourishes.

What are the ethical issues in this case? As a District Collector of Beed, what measures you will take to save these labourers from the above vicious cycle of deprivation.

(20 Marks, 250 Words)

The ethical issues involved in the case are

- 1) inequality.
- 2) Bio-ethics (Right of unborn child).
- 3) Human rights violation.

Hysterectomy is removal of womb or uterus of the female to avoid pregnancy. The As the

case states, the women find it very difficult to both work as labourers and rearing a kid.

Hysterectomy will lead to avoidance of any further pregnancies in that female

7 - Bonded labour
Way forward (by Doctors)
Suppression
Nexus with Contractors
(Bribery to encourage hysterectomy)
for better purpose.

DC of district
Cause of action
Options available

You need to explain in brief as to what's inequality here? & how it is a human one you're referring? & come up with other options

Follow a chronology

Justify them

What are your ethical issues here?

through natural method -

course of action I will take as a district collector of Beed -

1) As a collector, the very basic problem of migration, due to frequent droughts, despite having farmlands, droughts make them migrate to neighbouring regions. the water conservation programme, proper implementation, schemes like MGNREGA can help to give them work as well as irrigation for the region.

Way forward like soln

2) conservation of monsoon waters through public dams, barricading along the slippery slopes of mountains, rooftop water conservation programme implementation and awareness about the same, water conservation programme will stop the problem to some extent.

Need to examine & evaluate the case

3) As women don't have time for rearing the child, awareness about other birth control measures like:

What will you do.

(i) condoms (male & female).

(ii) copper - T.

(iii) pills.

can be written as - after identifying what is the need?

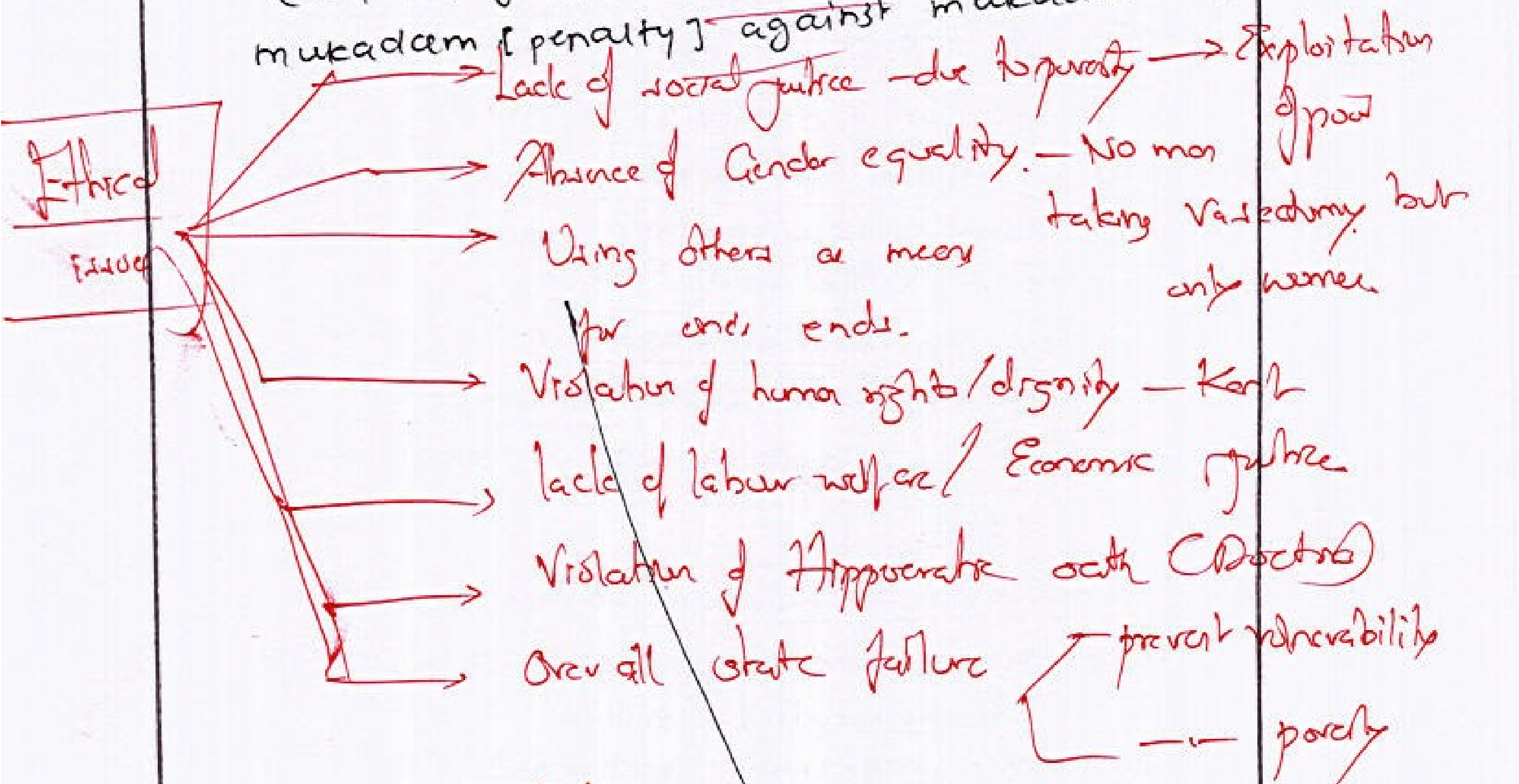
4) if there is any nexus between municipality and doctors who promote,

Should thoroughly understand the promise & objectively provide solution (or priority based)

hysterectomy needs to identify and if found any punishment for doctors (suspending the licence) and for mukadam [penalty] against mukadam.

Don't write anything beyond this margin

Don't write anything beyond this margin



Measure to be taken

Short term

(Most immediate)

- immediate removal of women from jobs
- prevent side effects of hysterectomy from incl'd labour force & also encourage voluntary contracts & bonded labour removed

Medium term

- fair working condition for women
- Compensation to victim women
- Employment under MGNREGA

Long term

- Ensure drought proofing water shed for MFL & promotion
- Forming FPC, form'g SHG, etc

Special Jan
 Strict Surveillance over hysterectomies - ~~not~~ limited to freedom

10. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam gave the famous Vision 2020 for India which was intended for making India a developed country by 2020. Though it created much enthusiasm and dreams, we have not achieved the dream.

His vision had 10 goals for India as a nation which was to be achieved by 2020. Three crucial such targets were as follows, accordingly India was supposed to become:

1. A nation where governance is responsive, transparent and corruption-free.
2. A nation where poverty has been totally eradicated, illiteracy removed, crime against women and children is absent, and no one in the society feels alienated.
3. A nation that is prosperous, healthy, secure, devoid of terrorism, peaceful and happy, and continues on a sustainable growth path.

What has been the journey of India towards above three destinies? Discuss the ethical and administrative factors that deteriorated the possibilities of securing them.

(20 Marks, 250 Words)

Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam predicted 'Vision 2020' looking at the demographic dividend, looking at the youth of the nation, looking at the fact that India will be 'youngest' nation as population in the working group is highest i.e. that 15-65 years but now in 2021, we cannot fully say that all the vision of late former president has come to reality.

→ the three main targets of Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam and India's journey towards them:-

1) A nation where governance is responsive, transparent, corruption free:-

a) ~~to fight~~ act:-

a) Right to Information Act:- this is the right step

towards the vision, at the same time proactive disclosure of information is needed. section 4(c) of RTI act.

e.g. Pakistan governments portal will give current status, real time status of 23 different schemes.

although, corruption-free India is still

a challenge, Many steps like 'digital India'.

digitalization of process, Reducing human interference

Good Governance

in social indicators

peaceful/prosperous nation

Could've been better introduction

Many examples not given or elaborated

are right steps towards this direction.

B) A nation where poverty has been totally eliminated, illiteracy removed, crime against children, women absent, no one in society feels alienated.

→ In this type of goal, the aim is not fulfilled and at present, the objective is seen as far from fulfilling.

- National crime record Bureau confirms crime against women is increased.

- there is increasing gap between rich and poor. According to one estimate, it will take 10,000 years for unskilled worker to earn what Mr. Ambani has earned per hour in the lockdown period. This states the gap between poor and rich.

- literacy figures are increasing. However because of pandemic, around 1 million students will be forced out of education system.

- untouchability is decreasing still caste-based society is harsh reality.

c) A healthy, prosperous, secure nation.

- Recent pandemic (Covid-19) exposed serious lacunae of health care system, and brought attention towards increasing budgeting in healthcare system.

d) - security and border issues persist. Especially with China as we witness Galwan & face-off.

- terrorism threat still persist however increased

Why the
goal is

so
far?

You seem to be
very critical of
govt's performance

Must provide
a balanced
answer

Could've
been
more
based
&
better

Over a good effort

because of aggression of china, however, our security forces are ready to combat any adversaries against the state.

So, to conclude, we can say that india's performance is of mixed type, and there is a lot of scope for development on various fronts.

Not
Convincing
&
complete due
to global changes

Answer structure

Introduction

A brief about Vision 2020

Sub-headings
Targets

(I) Body

	I. GA	II. Socio/Economic indicators	III. Peaceful/Pragmatic
	+	+	+
achievements	+ — — — —	+ — — — —	+ — — — —
	—	—	—
challenges	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —
	—	—	—
conclusion	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —

Body

Threat / Administrative factors

generated the possibility of security then

With example